

The "PASSION PLAY" CHAUVIN, Monday September 6 USUAL The Chauvin Chronicle EDGERTON, Tues., September 7 PRICES

AN INDEPENDENT WEEKLY NEWSPAPER CIRCULATING IN THE MARSDEN, CHAUVIN, RIB-
STONE, ARTLAND & EDGERTON DISTRICTS and in MANITOUE LAKE, RIBSTONE, & MERTON R.M.'s

VOL. 13: No. 636 CHAUVIN, ALBERTA

WEDNESDAY, SEPTEMBER 1926

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EXPERIMENTAL FARM NOTES

During the past summer the number of visitors to the Scott Experimental Farm has been much greater than ever before. In addition to the large number of casual visitors seeking advice and information along many lines of experimental work, many tourists have made it a point to stop over night at the Scott to visit the farm.

On July 7th the Annual Grain Growers picnic was held when five thousand people were present.

The most satisfactory method of inspecting the experimental work under way has been for a committee of Agricultural Society to make an appointment and come as unorganized body when there goes not more than a hundred people—so that the tour may be regular and the more business-like. There was a full day's program of meetings in the farm buildings and evenings in the farm

Items of Interest

Mrs. Wm. Tooth and daughters were visiting relatives in the Ribstone district last week.

* * *

Mr. T. A. Scott, who has been pending some months in Ontario has returned to his home at Artland, Sask.

* * *

Mrs. John Moir and Mrs. James Moir left on Thursday for a visit to Lamont. They are intending to make a short stop-over at Edmonton, on their way.

* * *

The Misses Meldrum who have been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Giffen returned home last Wednesday.

* * *

Yes, the holidays are over and today the schools begin their fall term. Let's wish the students all success for the coming year.

* * *

Miss Heather Richardson is king of the Western Crown

* * *

Misses Mary and Margaret with Mrs. Murray installed as teachers.

* * *

The first load of this season's wheat was brought in by Mr. D. DeMent on August 26th and graded No. 1 at the U.G.G. elevator.

* * *

The sale of camera films must have received a boost judging by the number of visitors to the new oil wells derricks north of Chauvin who are taking pictures.

* * *

Mrs. Wm. Tooth and two little daughters are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. Tooth, at Killarney Lake.

* * *

Mrs. Wright and Miss Anderson of Artland were visitors to Chauvin Saturday.

* * *

Mrs. Glyne and her two daughters, Margaret and Paddy, who have been visiting Dr. and Mrs. Polson, returned to Edmonton Monday.

* * *

Watch for date of the annual pancake tea and apron sale which the W.L.A. are making arrangements to hold during the next few weeks.

* * *

Mr. H. E. Spencer, M.P. addressed a meeting in the I.O.O.F. Hall, on Friday evening, August 27th. Mr. Charles Miller acting as chairman.

Owing to harvesting operations being in full swing and other unavoidable causes there was not a large attendance at this meeting, a report of which we hope to publish next week.

(Continued on page 4).

W.L.A. Notes

The Westminister Ladies Auxiliary are arranging to hold a sale of aprons in conjunction with serving afternoon tea and pancakes in the very near future. Watch for date and place.

The success which attended the serving of pancakes and afternoon tea last year has encouraged the ladies to have a second annual pancake

* * *

The Next meeting of the Westminster Ladies Auxiliary will be held at the home of Mrs. Forryan on Thursday, September 9th at 3 p.m. A cordial invitation is extended to all ladies interested to attend.

Dina Notes

Saturday night, August 28th saw a great turnout of the residents of Dina to see Mr. H. E. Spencer. This was due to the busy school term starting, the school was filled after closing when Mr. Spencer arrived.

The chair was taken by Mr. L. D. Nicholson, who in his introductory remarks referred to the sigmoid honor conferred on the Dina district by having Mr. Spencer speak here—apparently Dina is now regarded as the pivotal point between Chauvin and Lloydminster.

Mr. Spencer spoke for about two hours, giving a résumé of the interesting events leading to the present election and his remarks, given with his usual clearness and lucidity were listened to with great interest. In conclusion Mr. Spencer reminded his hearers that he was there to serve the interests of the people and if re-elected would give his best services to the cause.

Mr. Spencer was accorded very hearty vote of thanks at the close of his speech after which the meeting partook of the good things served by the fair ladies of the District, or the ladies of the fair District, (whichever you prefer).

Don't forget on Sept. 19th if a vote is necessary to record your vote for Mr. Spencer.

Marconi Radio sets, the two tube kind.
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OIL NOTES

FIRST WELL IN CHAUVIN DISTRICT NOW DRILLING

The Advance well in the Blackfoot coulee, the first outfit to be set up in this district has now commenced drilling operations and their drills are pounding their way down to what is expected and hoped to prove a good oilfield.

The second Advance well on the North bank of the Battle river is still under construction.

It is expected that this Company will soon drill another well in the district.

We hope to be able to supply the public with information as to the progress in the Advance well now drilling, this should prove of great interest to our subscribers.

The two large trucks of the Imperial Oil are kept busy hauling equipment and coal. We understand that work is going on first rate at their well.

OIL RESOURCES HARDLY TAPPED

The oil fields of Alberta are still wild, there are still 20 million acres a day going to market.

Mr. Turner Valley alone markets 100,000 barrels a day, so that of the 100,000 barrels of the Macdonald hotel Friday.

Recent investigation, he went on to say, had resulted in starting

large oilfields in directions where previously they had been unsuspected; one of these, the main branch which had been thought to lie east of Lethbridge has been found west of that city, and of

more, one of the biggest oil companies had been greatly interested in a point east of Edmonton, where it will sink at deepest in the near future, Mr. Yough said. The oil industry of Alberta had so far scarcely been touched

and he anticipated enormous developments in the near future.

Other points touched on by the speaker were the cost and the nature of the Dominion educational system, and the need for better laws for the protection of invested capital.—Edmonton Bulletin.

IN MEMORIAM

In loving memory of Leonard D'Albertanson who died September 21st 1925.

Wife, Sons and Mother

MRS. TAYLOR PASSES

Just as we go to press we are sorry to hear of the death of Mrs. O. Taylor.

SHEP BREEFS FOR ALBERTA

In comparing the general utility value of the different breeds of sheep for the farm flock in Central Alberta they should be listed in the following order; first Shropshire; second, Hampshire, third, Oxford; fourth, Cheviot; fifth Corriedale; sixth, Leicestershire. This is the opinion of the Superintendent of the Lacombe, Alta. Experimental Station, where an experiment, covering seven years, with the object of studying flock improvement, has recently been completed. The results of this comprehensive and interesting experiment are fully detailed in the Superintendent's latest report, which may be obtained free from the Publications Branch, Department of Agriculture, Ottawa.

The Cheviot was first among all breeds in many of the tests, and is an ideal market lamb, but due to its perverseness, restlessness and frequent ill-health, it cannot be recommended as suitable for

the farm flock.

The Merino was first among all breeds in many of the tests, and is an ideal market lamb, but due to its perverseness, restlessness and frequent ill-health, it cannot be recommended as suitable for

the farm flock.

The results of the experiments by the Superintendent states that average farm conditions in rural Alberta a farmer can do no wrong in selecting one of the three Down breeds, Shropshire, Hampshire, or Oxford. Under special conditions and with shepherds of exceptional ability, the Cheviot and Corriedale may be used to good advantage.

CROP REPORT

Published by Black & Montreal August 26th 1926.

General.—Harvesting is again under way in the Prairie Provinces after being held up by wet weather, and many districts are now getting a better yield than appeared probable a few weeks ago.

Warm, dry weather is now necessary. In Quebec cool weather during the week has retarded the ripening of grain and the growth of other crops. In Ontario harvesting has been delayed by rain and late frosts have been damaged by frost in some sections, but root crops, with the exception of turnips, are doing well. In the Maritime provinces 'crops generally have continued to make good progress, though there has been another long dry spell. The weather has been excellent for hay.

(Continued on page 6)

"The Covered Wagon"

(Continued from last week)

CHAPTER XXXIV

A Matter of Friendship

Once more the train, now permanently divided into two, faced the desert, all the men and many women now afoot, the kine low-headed, stepping gingerly in their new rawhide shoes. Gray, grim work; toiling over dust and sand. But at the head wagon, taking over an empire foot by foot, flew the great flag. Half fanatics? That may be. Fanatics, so called, also had prayed and sung and aught their children, all the way across to the Great Salt Lake. They, too, carried books. And within one hour after their halt near Salt Lake they began to plow, began to build, began to work, began to grow and make a country.

The men at the trading post saw the Missouri wagons pull out ahead. Two hours later the Win had determined. Woodhull remained with his friends in the Wingate group, regarded now with increasing indifference, but bidding his time.

Bridger held back his old friend Jackson even after the last train had pulled out. It was mid afternoon when the start was made,

"Don't go just yet, Bill," he said. "Ride on an' overtake 'em. Nothin' but rattlers an' jack rabbits now for a while. The Shoswone won't hurt 'em none, I'm powerful lonesome somehow. Let's you an' me have one more drink."

That sounds reas'nable," said Jackson. "Shore that sounds reas'nable to me."

They drank of a keg which the master of the post had hidden in his lodge, back of his blankets; drank again of high wines diluted but unclored—the "likker" of the fur trade.

They drank from tin cups, until Bridger began to chant, a deepening sense of his old melancholy on him.

"Good-by!" he said again and again, waving his hand in general vagueness to the mountains.

"We was friends, wasn't we, Bill?" he demanded again and again; and Jackson, drunk as he, nodded in like maudlin gravity. He himself began to chant. The two were savages again.

"Well, we got to part, Bill. This is Jim Bridger's last Rendvous. I've rid around an' said good-by to the mountings. Why don't we do it the way he big partisans alius done when the Rendvous was over? 'Twas old Mike Fink am' his friend Carpenter began hit, fifty year ago, Keel-boats met on the river they was. There is good shots left to-day as there, an' as good friends. You an' me has seed hit;

"They drank of a keg which the master of the post had hidden in his lodge, back of his blankets; drank again of high wines diluted but unclored—the "likker" of the fur trade.

in' o' the Rocky Mountain Company men, before the families come. An' nary a man spilled the whiskey on his partner's head."

"That's the truth," assented Jackson. "Though there's some I wouldn't trust now."

"Would ye trust me, Bill, like I do you, for sake o' old times, when friends was friends?"

"Shore I would, no matter how come, Jim. My hand's stiddy as a rock, even though my shootin' shoulder's a little stiff from that Crow Arter."

Each man held out his firing arm, steady as a bar.

"I kin still see the nail heads on the door, yan. Kin ye, Bill?"

"Plain! It's a waste o' likker, Jim fer we'd both drill the cups."

"Are ye askeered?"

"I told ye not."

"Chardon!" roared Bridger to his clerk. "You, Chardon, come here!"

The clerk obeyed, though he and others had been discreet about remaining visible as this bout of old-timers at their cups went on. Liquor and gunpowder usually went together.

"Chardon, git ye two fresh cups an' bring 'em here. Bring a piece o' charcoal to spot the cups. We're goin' to shoot 'em off each other's heads in the old way. You know what I mean?"

Bridger, trembling, brought the two tin cups, and Bridger with a burst ember sought to mark plainly on each a black Bull's eye. Silence fell on the few observers, for all the emigrants had now gone and the open space before the rude trading building was vacant, although a few faces peered around corners. At the door of the tallest tepee two native women sat, a young and an old; their backs drawn across their eyes, accepting fate, and not daring to make a protest.

"How!" exclaimed Bridger as he filled both cups and put them on the ground. "Have ye wiped yer bar?"

"Shore I have. Let's wipe again."

Each drew his ramrod from the pipes and attached the cleaning worm with its twist of tow, kept handy in belt pouch in muzzle-loading days.

"Clean as a whistle!" said Jackson, holding out the end of the rod.

"So's mine, pardner. Old Jim Bridger never disgraced himself with a rifle."

"Ner me," commented Jackson. "Hold a hair full, Jim, an' cut nigh the top o' the tin. That'll be safer for my skelly, an' hit'll let less whisky out'n the hole. We got to drink what's left! S'pose we have a snort now?"

"After we both shoot we kin drink," rejoined his friend with a remaining trace of judgement.

"Go take stand whar we marked the scratch. Chardon, damn ye, carry the cup down an' set hit on his head, an' ef ye spill a drop I'll dril ye, d'ye hear?"

The man's face went pale. "But Monieur Jim——" he began.

"Don't 'Mousieur Jim' me or I'll drill a hole in ye anyways! Do-e-do what I tell ye boy! Then if ye erave for to see some u-time shootin' come on out, the hull o' ye, an' take a lesson, damn ye!"

"Do-e ye shoot first, Bill," demanded Bridger. "The light's

ALBERTA TAX COMMISSION

Dr. Tory, chairman of the taxation committee appointed by the government of Alberta to study taxation and other financial problems, announces that the work is progressing satisfactorily, and that considerable information has been gathered from all parts of Canada, the United States and other countries. Sittings have been held at which representatives of urban and rural municipalities have been heard in respect to their various taxation problems. The chairman and secretary have spent considerable time assembling and compiling the mass of documents which have come to hand, and in the preparation of comparative tables of revenues and expenditures.

BUSINESS CARDS

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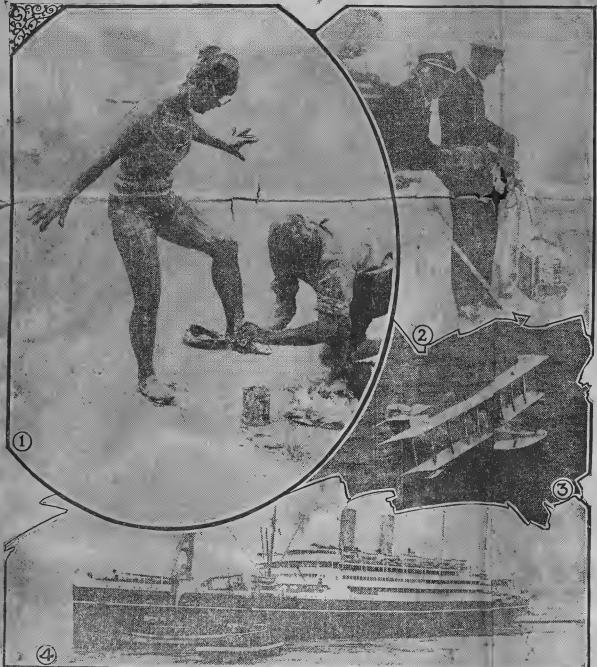
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Liner and Planes in 3000-mile Dash to Effect "Scoop"



1. The Champion getting greased up before entering the English Channel. 2. Lowering the photographs to the waiting sea-plane. 3. Canadian sea plane which flew to Rimouski. 4. The Canadian Pacific liner "Empress of Scotland".

Canada's Esterle's victory in the English Channel, wrote an epic into the already brilliant aquatic records of America. And with all existing records in her Channel swim was broken, but her Europe for her victory, a sequel to this, event was taking place in America which will go down on theistic pages of journalism as one of the greatest "scoops" in newspaper enterprise.

Using a four-plane relay in conjunction with the Canadian Pacific steamer the Empress of Scotland, representatives of the New York World secured the actual photographs of the great race in their offices in New York fully twenty-four hours before other prints could possibly arrive.

The gangplank of the Empress

of Scotland, was being raised at St. John's, Newfoundland, dashed up to the ship and placed a bundle of prints in the care of a passenger. Even the Commander of the ship was ignorant of their value until a radio message came in, giving the instructions for the disposal of the prints. A seaplane would pick them up near Anticosti Island. True to the arrangement the seaplane was sighted a mile from the island, near English Bay, and Commander Latta gave instructions to an officer to write the photographs in a watertight case, lower the bundle alongside the ship and slung. In a few minutes the package was picked up and the sea plane had become so choppy that it was forced to land on the West Side Park, Jersey City. A little later the plane was picked up and was bound that pictures were delivered at the offices of the News in New York 24 hours ahead of picture en route via New York.

**MANURE EXPERIMENTS
AT SCOTT, SASK.**

Two important factors in crop production are the type of soil and the average annual precipitation. In view of the fact that these factors vary considerably in different sections of the west, it is self evident that experimental results obtained in one district can be applied only where conditions are somewhat similar. At the Dominion Experimental Station at Scott, Sask. the soil is a sandy loam, and the average annual precipitation for fourteen years is 13.02 inches. All yields mentioned below were obtained at the Scott Station and for the most part are average yields for a ten year period.

Fresh manure from the stable applied on fall ploughed stubble during the winter has failed to increase the yield of wheat, but has increased the yield of barley by 5 bushels and oats by 10.1 bushels per acre. Rotted manure applied just before ploughing summerfallow has increased the yield of wheat 6.1 bushels per acre. Rotted manure applied just previous to fall ploughing has increased the yield of wheat by 6.1 bushels, barley 9 bushels and oats 10.2 bushels per acre. Rotted manure applied as a top dressing has

increased the yield of wheat by only 1 bushel, barley 1.5 bushels and oats 5 bushels per acre.

It is true that the rotting manure reduces the quantity considerably, but it is not considered sound practice to scatter fresh manure on the soil on account of the viable seeds of weeds and grain which it usually contains...

It is important to scatter the manure well when applying, to prevent large lumps from being blown under which form air spaces and dry the soil to such an extent that the manure may do more harm than good. It is difficult to scatter evenly with a fork but the drag harrow can be used effectively for scattering before ploughing.

PEAS PLOWED UNDER

Peas have been grown on summerfallow and plowed under when in bloom and compared with bare summerfallow with and without rotted manure. The peas plowed under have not increased the yield sufficiently to pay for the seed used.

ADVERTISE: IT PAYS

THE WHEAT STEM SAW-FLY EVERBEARING STRAWBERRIES

A radio talk given by Prof. E. H. Strickland, of the University of Alberta.

To-night I want to remind the farmers of Alberta to me on the lookout for wheat stem saw-flies in their wheat fields. Last February I described over the radio, the life history of this insect, and tried to show what a serious menace it constitutes to our wheat producers.

I also described the methods whereby we can combat it. Since that date the Legislative Assembly has passed an amendment to the Pest Act which makes it compulsory for everyone who has saw-flies in his wheat fields to take the simple measures that are necessary for their suppression.

Let me now remind you once again how to recognize their presence and how to destroy them.

The adults flying saw-fly can be found around the edges of wheat fields in June. At that time of the year they eat small slits through the leaf sheath and force minute eggs into the hollow straw. From these eggs emerge small white grubs which immediately begin to burrow downward inside the straw eating their way through the solid nodes and leaving the straw partly filled with a sawdust like material.

By one week before harvest time the grub has reached the bottom level inside it. It now turns of the straw and is below ground round and cuts off the straw from inside just a little above the surface of the soil. As a result the straw with its well finished head falls to the ground just before the farmer is ready to harvest it.

The grub retires to the stub and plugs its open end with sawdust. It remains here during the winter, and turns into an adult sawfly in the following spring.

From this brief account you must see that the big loss that arises from the sawfly is that the grub cuts off the straw just before the grain ripens. It does no appreciable damage to the grain itself, for the heads on infected straws are as well filled as are those on uninfested straws.

Up to the present time sawflies have not caused serious losses anywhere in Alberta. For the past twelve years some of you may have observed a few fallen around the edges of the fields and you may also have observed that the damage does not appear to be increasing. The edges to a depth of a couple of rods or so are the only parts of the fields that are attacked. Still more you may wonder why the Legislative Assembly should have seen fit to amend the Pest Act, making it compulsory for farmers to destroy these few sawflies which appear to be doing so little damage.

In order to explain this we must look to conditions as they occur outside of Alberta, and we will briefly review the history of this insect in Manitoba.

As early as in 1896, around the edges of a few fields in Southern Manitoba a few fallen straws cut off by sawflies were to be found, still confined to the edges of the field.

The situation then was much

(Continued on page 5)

ed by the next autumn. Failing this, very early spring planting of well matured and early plants is necessary.

As the fruit buds of these fall bearers are formed shortly after the young plant root, an application of a nitrogenous fertilizer sometime early in July, has been found very helpful in promoting productivity in the fall.

It is advisable, of course to keep the bloom picked off during the first year until the first of July. After that, however, they should be permitted to fruit at will. We have not been able to obtain results from the removal of the bloom the second spring. At this time blossom removable is really impracticable owing to the heavy expense involved and the loss of a good June crop.

Of the varieties to be recommended, only two have really been tried at this Station viz., Champion and Duluth. These are both improvements over Progressive and Superb under our conditions (at Ottawa). The two other much advertised varieties, Mastodon and Rockhill, have not fruited here as yet, but the writer has seen the Rockhill in other places where it appeared to be the most promising fall bearing sort yet introduced.

Canadians must remember that our falls are not as long as further south, which means that many green berries are frozen on the vines. This necessitates a considerable discount from fall yields reported from other quarters.

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**EXTRACTS FROM REPORT
OF HE WAINWRIGHT
DEMONSTRATION STATION**

Operator, G. C. BOYD

Extracts from the report of the Wainwright Illustration Station for the year 1925.

In 1925 work on the land commenced at this station on April 1. Precipitation for the winter, spring and summer was on the short side, with the result that by the middle of July all crops were suffering from want of moisture. Relief rains did not come later in the month and for this district a light crop was harvested. Wheat on fallow was sown the rate of one and one-half bushels per acre. Rainfall for the five months April to August totalled 6.58 inches.

**RESULTS OF SEASON'S WORK
AT WAINWRIGHT**

Note that below are given the results of one four year rotation, two three year rotation, and one two year rotation (with two alternatives), and also the result of the Demonstration test field.

The first figure indicates the below each crop is state; 1st the yield per acre; 2nd the cost; 3rd the profit, or loss (—) per acre.

Three year Rotation:

Summerfallow:
.....; \$6.31 per acre;
Wheat, Marquis after fallow: 18 bus 24 lb.; \$86 bus; \$6.26.
Wheat, Marquis after wheat: 17 bus; \$8.63 cts per bus; \$6.26.

Four year Rotation:

Summerfallow:
.....; 6.21 per acre;
Wheat, Marquis, after fallow: 16 bus 48 lb.; \$66 bus; \$5.71.
Western Rye Grass ay (1st yr) 4600 lbs.; \$4.48 ton; \$12.70.
Western rye grass hay (2nd yr) 3000 lbs.; \$4.67 ton; \$7.99.

Three year Rotation:

Summerfallow:
.....; \$6.69 per acre;
Oats, Barley, after fallow: 53 bus 14 lb.; 28c bus; \$6.41.
Sweet Clover Hay:
1600 lbs.; \$8.87 ton; 90c.

Two Year Rotation:

Wheat after corn sunflowers 20 bus; 55c bus; \$13.00.
Corn, N.W. Dent after wheat: 4500 lbs; 4.97 ton; —\$2.31.
Sunflowers after wheat:
4000 lbs; \$5.59 ton; —\$4.18.

Demonstration Test Field:

Alfalfa hay:
1200 lbs; \$11.37 ton; —\$2.
Oats, Victory, second crop:
33 bus 14 lb; 41c bus; —\$3.

Wheat on the differing soil treatments shows but little variation in the yield or cost of production. The wheat on rowed crop lands heads both in yield and production cost. This field threshed out well for the straw it carried.

Western rye grass is the most profitable feed crop for the season (1925). The field of alfalfa was winter killed, corn and sunflowers suffered from drought and

the depredations of rabbits, while sweet clover also suffered from low rainfall.

The report of the Demonstration Station at Lloydminster will be published at a later date.

FUR SALE

The largest fur sale ever held in Edmonton took place recently, when furs valued at over \$123,000 were sold, with buyers present from New York, Montreal, Seattle, and other points.

HOW TO PREVENT ROBBING

Though noted for their industry bees are apt, at times, to seize an opportunity to get rich quickly. Should they get the chance of securing sweets without working for them, they are not slow to take advantage of it with the result that in a few minutes there is an uproar which may not only mean robbing, but death of bees and stings to passers-by.

It is the beekeeper's business, therefore, to realize that prevention is better than cure and to take advantage of opportunities as soon as they start.

As sweets are the root of the trouble they should never be exposed in the apiary even though during a heavy flow of honey they might remain untouched.

With this in mind the beekeeper, early in the season should see that hives containing dead colonies have the entrances closed and that they are removed from the apiary as soon as possible also that the hive entrances of weak colonies are reduced in size as this gives these colonies a better chance to defend their homes. Where there are queenless colonies he should requeen them soon for a colony without a queen does not make a stout resistance. When little or no nests are coming in and the bees are searching everywhere for it, colony examinations should cease entirely if however, they must be made, make them brief and cover all supers temporarily renewed with rubber-cloths or sack. In removing honey with bee escapes let him see that all cracks between the supers above the escapes are closed, otherwise the unguarded supers will be quickly robbed out; also that when the supers are removed for extraction they are covered immediately. It is necessary that his honey-house be made tight and its windows screened. Later in the season when feeding for winter let him give the syrup late in the afternoon or in the evening and make sure that the feeders do not leak.

By observance of these suggestions the beekeeper will be saved much trouble, for robbing once started is sometimes very difficult to stop.

Vinegar will keep flies off windows and mirrors. Sprinkle a few drops over the wash leather when clearing them.

ITEMS OF INTEREST

(Continued from page 1)

We have no official information of the result of the Conservative Convention which was announced for Friday last, August 27th at the Elite theatre, Wainwright but have been told that no candidate was elected then, the convention being postponed to yesterday August 31st.

Mr. and Mrs. H. N. Freeman, with their two little girls returned from their vacation, Sunday.

We express the sympathy of his many friends to Mr O. Tveden who last week was obliged to take his wife to Ponoka mental hospital for treatment. Mrs. Tveden has recently undergone two operations which left her in an unfit condition to combat with scarlet fever, which afflicted her children of whom there are five, the oldest being seven years of age, besides the sickness of Mr. Tveden. We sincerely hope that with rest and treatment Mrs. Tveden may soon be restored to her family.

Mrs. K. Djuff accompanied Mr. Tveden and assisted him in the care of his wife during the journey.

The Chauvin Orchestra are to hold a dance on Saturday Evening Sept. 4th in the I. O. O. F. Hall, Chauvin from 9 till 12 p.m. Admission Gents 60c; Ladies free.

The Chauvin Orchestra has been greatly augmented by the addition of an experienced sax-addition of Mr. Roach, who plays the saxophone. Mr. Roach is an experienced saxophonist and has played in various theatres in Edmonton.

A couple of threshing outfits were received Tuesday by M. Parcells.

Turning posts have now been erected on main and secind avenue. Watch your step (on the gas).

You should not fail to seize the opportunity of seeing the world famous Passion Play, acted by the residents of the Swiss Village of Oberammergau.

To enable everyone to see this wonderful picture, two shows are being put on at 7 p.m. and one at 9 p.m. next Monday at Chauvin and Tuesday at Edgerton.

Bring your watches and other Jewelry repairs where you can get prompt returns. We guarantee to have your watch back in ten days, it usually takes only a week.

McKechnie's Drug and Stationery Store.

Saker's service saves you many dollars.

Be careful of your watch if you want it to become an old-timer.

ADVERTISE: IT PAYS
**MEMORIALS
of
ALL MATTERS
AND DESIGNS**

G. G. SHANTZ
Agent for Edmonton Granite
1/4 Marble and Stone Co.

A little methylated spirit added to the rinsing water when silk garments gives a beautiful gloss when the garments are ironed, and makes them look fresh and new.

Some people could say what they think and still be silent.

Laugh and grow fat is a good idea, but when you've succeeded it ceases to be a laughing matter.

Cheep watches for harvesters \$2.00 up. It doesn't pay to use your good one and no one need be without one.

McKechnie's Drug and Stationery Store.

He who laughs last didn't see the joke in the first place.

**Fresh
Milk & Cream
Delivered Daily**
O.Z. StPierre
CHAUVIN, ALBERTA

ASH BROS
JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS
DIAMOND WATCH REPAIRS,
BY MAIL
SILVERWARE,
1027 1/2 1038 1/2 1040 1/2 1042 1/2 1044 1/2 1046 1/2 1048 1/2 1050 1/2 1052 1/2 1054 1/2 1056 1/2 1058 1/2 1060 1/2 1062 1/2 1064 1/2 1066 1/2 1068 1/2 1070 1/2 1072 1/2 1074 1/2 1076 1/2 1078 1/2 1080 1/2 1082 1/2 1084 1/2 1086 1/2 1088 1/2 1090 1/2 1092 1/2 1094 1/2 1096 1/2 1098 1/2 1100 1/2 1102 1/2 1104 1/2 1106 1/2 1108 1/2 1110 1/2 1112 1/2 1114 1/2 1116 1/2 1118 1/2 1120 1/2 1122 1/2 1124 1/2 1126 1/2 1128 1/2 1130 1/2 1132 1/2 1134 1/2 1136 1/2 1138 1/2 1140 1/2 1142 1/2 1144 1/2 1146 1/2 1148 1/2 1150 1/2 1152 1/2 1154 1/2 1156 1/2 1158 1/2 1160 1/2 1162 1/2 1164 1/2 1166 1/2 1168 1/2 1170 1/2 1172 1/2 1174 1/2 1176 1/2 1178 1/2 1180 1/2 1182 1/2 1184 1/2 1186 1/2 1188 1/2 1190 1/2 1192 1/2 1194 1/2 1196 1/2 1198 1/2 1200 1/2 1202 1/2 1204 1/2 1206 1/2 1208 1/2 1210 1/2 1212 1/2 1214 1/2 1216 1/2 1218 1/2 1220 1/2 1222 1/2 1224 1/2 1226 1/2 1228 1/2 1230 1/2 1232 1/2 1234 1/2 1236 1/2 1238 1/2 1240 1/2 1242 1/2 1244 1/2 1246 1/2 1248 1/2 1250 1/2 1252 1/2 1254 1/2 1256 1/2 1258 1/2 1260 1/2 1262 1/2 1264 1/2 1266 1/2 1268 1/2 1270 1/2 1272 1/2 1274 1/2 1276 1/2 1278 1/2 1280 1/2 1282 1/2 1284 1/2 1286 1/2 1288 1/2 1290 1/2 1292 1/2 1294 1/2 1296 1/2 1298 1/2 1300 1/2 1302 1/2 1304 1/2 1306 1/2 1308 1/2 1310 1/2 1312 1/2 1314 1/2 1316 1/2 1318 1/2 1320 1/2 1322 1/2 1324 1/2 1326 1/2 1328 1/2 1330 1/2 1332 1/2 1334 1/2 1336 1/2 1338 1/2 1340 1/2 1342 1/2 1344 1/2 1346 1/2 1348 1/2 1350 1/2 1352 1/2 1354 1/2 1356 1/2 1358 1/2 1360 1/2 1362 1/2 1364 1/2 1366 1/2 1368 1/2 1370 1/2 1372 1/2 1374 1/2 1376 1/2 1378 1/2 1380 1/2 1382 1/2 1384 1/2 1386 1/2 1388 1/2 1390 1/2 1392 1/2 1394 1/2 1396 1/2 1398 1/2 1400 1/2 1402 1/2 1404 1/2 1406 1/2 1408 1/2 1410 1/2 1412 1/2 1414 1/2 1416 1/2 1418 1/2 1420 1/2 1422 1/2 1424 1/2 1426 1/2 1428 1/2 1430 1/2 1432 1/2 1434 1/2 1436 1/2 1438 1/2 1440 1/2 1442 1/2 1444 1/2 1446 1/2 1448 1/2 1450 1/2 1452 1/2 1454 1/2 1456 1/2 1458 1/2 1460 1/2 1462 1/2 1464 1/2 1466 1/2 1468 1/2 1470 1/2 1472 1/2 1474 1/2 1476 1/2 1478 1/2 1480 1/2 1482 1/2 1484 1/2 1486 1/2 1488 1/2 1490 1/2 1492 1/2 1494 1/2 1496 1/2 1498 1/2 1500 1/2 1502 1/2 1504 1/2 1506 1/2 1508 1/2 1510 1/2 1512 1/2 1514 1/2 1516 1/2 1518 1/2 1520 1/2 1522 1/2 1524 1/2 1526 1/2 1528 1/2 1530 1/2 1532 1/2 1534 1/2 1536 1/2 1538 1/2 1540 1/2 1542 1/2 1544 1/2 1546 1/2 1548 1/2 1550 1/2 1552 1/2 1554 1/2 1556 1/2 1558 1/2 1560 1/2 1562 1/2 1564 1/2 1566 1/2 1568 1/2 1570 1/2 1572 1/2 1574 1/2 1576 1/2 1578 1/2 1580 1/2 1582 1/2 1584 1/2 1586 1/2 1588 1/2 1590 1/2 1592 1/2 1594 1/2 1596 1/2 1598 1/2 1600 1/2 1602 1/2 1604 1/2 1606 1/2 1608 1/2 1610 1/2 1612 1/2 1614 1/2 1616 1/2 1618 1/2 1620 1/2 1622 1/2 1624 1/2 1626 1/2 1628 1/2 1630 1/2 1632 1/2 1634 1/2 1636 1/2 1638 1/2 1640 1/2 1642 1/2 1644 1/2 1646 1/2 1648 1/2 1650 1/2 1652 1/2 1654 1/2 1656 1/2 1658 1/2 1660 1/2 1662 1/2 1664 1/2 1666 1/2 1668 1/2 1670 1/2 1672 1/2 1674 1/2 1676 1/2 1678 1/2 1680 1/2 1682 1/2 1684 1/2 1686 1/2 1688 1/2 1690 1/2 1692 1/2 1694 1/2 1696 1/2 1698 1/2 1700 1/2 1702 1/2 1704 1/2 1706 1/2 1708 1/2 1710 1/2 1712 1/2 1714 1/2 1716 1/2 1718 1/2 1720 1/2 1722 1/2 1724 1/2 1726 1/2 1728 1/2 1730 1/2 1732 1/2 1734 1/2 1736 1/2 1738 1/2 1740 1/2 1742 1/2 1744 1/2 1746 1/2 1748 1/2 1750 1/2 1752 1/2 1754 1/2 1756 1/2 1758 1/2 1760 1/2 1762 1/2 1764 1/2 1766 1/2 1768 1/2 1770 1/2 1772 1/2 1774 1/2 1776 1/2 1778 1/2 1780 1/2 1782 1/2 1784 1/2 1786 1/2 1788 1/2 1790 1/2 1792 1/2 1794 1/2 1796 1/2 1798 1/2 1800 1/2 1802 1/2 1804 1/2 1806 1/2 1808 1/2 1810 1/2 1812 1/2 1814 1/2 1816 1/2 1818 1/2 1820 1/2 1822 1/2 1824 1/2 1826 1/2 1828 1/2 1830 1/2 1832 1/2 1834 1/2 1836 1/2 1838 1/2 1840 1/2 1842 1/2 1844 1/2 1846 1/2 1848 1/2 1850 1/2 1852 1/2 1854 1/2 1856 1/2 1858 1/2 1860 1/2 1862 1/2 1864 1/2 1866 1/2 1868 1/2 1870 1/2 1872 1/2 1874 1/2 1876 1/2 1878 1/2 1880 1/2 1882 1/2 1884 1/2 1886 1/2 1888 1/2 1890 1/2 1892 1/2 1894 1/2 1896 1/2 1898 1/2 1900 1/2 1902 1/2 1904 1/2 1906 1/2 1908 1/2 1910 1/2 1912 1/2 1914 1/2 1916 1/2 1918 1/2 1920 1/2 1922 1/2 1924 1/2 1926 1/2 1928 1/2 1930 1/2 1932 1/2 1934 1/2 1936 1/2 1938 1/2 1940 1/2 1942 1/2 1944 1/2 1946 1/2 1948 1/2 1950 1/2 1952 1/2 1954 1/2 1956 1/2 1958 1/2 1960 1/2 1962 1/2 1964 1/2 1966 1/2 1968 1/2 1970 1/2 1972 1/2 1974 1/2 1976 1/2 1978 1/2 1980 1/2 1982 1/2 1984 1/2 1986 1/2 1988 1/2 1990 1/2 1992 1/2 1994 1/2 1996 1/2 1998 1/2 2000 1/2 2002 1/2 2004 1/2 2006 1/2 2008 1/2 2010 1/2 2012 1/2 2014 1/2 2016 1/2 2018 1/2 2020 1/2 2022 1/2 2024 1/2 2026 1/2 2028 1/2 2030 1/2 2032 1/2 2034 1/2 2036 1/2 2038 1/2 2040 1/2 2042 1/2 2044 1/2 2046 1/2 2048 1/2 2050 1/2 2052 1/2 2054 1/2 2056 1/2 2058 1/2 2060 1/2 2062 1/2 2064 1/2 2066 1/2 2068 1/2 2070 1/2 2072 1/2 2074 1/2 2076 1/2 2078 1/2 2080 1/2 2082 1/2 2084 1/2 2086 1/2 2088 1/2 2090 1/2 2092 1/2 2094 1/2 2096 1/2 2098 1/2 2100 1/2 2102 1/2 2104 1/2 2106 1/2 2108 1/2 2110 1/2 2112 1/2 2114 1/2 2116 1/2 2118 1/2 2120 1/2 2122 1/2 2124 1/2 2126 1/2 2128 1/2 2130 1/2 2132 1/2 2134 1/2 2136 1/2 2138 1/2 2140 1/2 2142 1/2 2144 1/2 2146 1/2 2148 1/2 2150 1/2 2152 1/2 2154 1/2 2156 1/2 2158 1/2 2160 1/2 2162 1/2 2164 1/2 2166 1/2 2168 1/2 2170 1/2 2172 1/2 2174 1/2 2176 1/2 2178 1/2 2180 1/2 2182 1/2 2184 1/2 2186 1/2 2188 1/2 2190 1/2 2192 1/2 2194 1/2 2196 1/2 2198 1/2 2200 1/2 2202 1/2 2204 1/2 2206 1/2 2208 1/2 2210 1/2 2212 1/2 2214 1/2 2216 1/2 2218 1/2 2220 1/2 2222 1/2 2224 1/2 2226 1/2 2228 1/2 2230 1/2 2232 1/2 2234 1/2 2236 1/2 2238 1/2 2240 1/2 2242 1/2 2244 1/2 2246 1/2 2248 1/2 2250 1/2 2252 1/2 2254 1/2 2256 1/2 2258 1/2 2260 1/2 2262 1/2 2264 1/2 2266 1/2 2268 1/2 2270 1/2 2272 1/2 2274 1/2 2276 1/2 2278 1/2 2280 1/2 2282 1/2 2284 1/2 2286 1/2 2288 1/2 2290 1/2 2292 1/2 2294 1/2 2296 1/2 2298 1/2 2300 1/2 2302 1/2 2304 1/2 2306 1/2 2308 1/2 2310 1/2 2312 1/2 2314 1/2 2316 1/2 2318 1/2 2320 1/2 2322 1/2 2324 1/2 2326 1/2 2328 1/2 2330 1/2 2332 1/2 2334 1/2 2336 1/2 2338 1/2 2340 1/2 2342 1/2 2344 1/2 2346 1/2 2348 1/2 2350 1/2 2352 1/2 2354 1/2 2356 1/2 2358 1/2 2360 1/2 2362 1/2 2364 1/2 2366 1/2 2368 1/2 2370 1/2 2372 1/2 2374 1/2 2376 1/2 2378 1/2 2380 1/2 2382 1/2 2384 1/2 2386 1/2 2388 1/2 2390 1/2 2392 1/2 2394 1/2 2396 1/2 2398 1/2 2400 1/2 2402 1/2 2404 1/2 2406 1/2 2408 1/2 2410 1/2 2412 1/2 2414 1/2 2416 1/2 2418 1/2 2420 1/2 2422 1/2 2424 1/2 2426 1/2 2428 1/2 2430 1/2 2432 1/2 2434 1/2 2436 1/2 2438 1/2 2440 1/2 2442 1/2 2444 1/2 2446 1/2 2448 1/2 2450 1/2 2452 1/2 2454 1/2 2456 1/2 2458 1/2 2460 1/2 2462 1/2 2464 1/2 2466 1/2 2468 1/2 2470 1/2 2472 1/2 2474 1/2 2476 1/2 2478 1/2 2480 1/2 2482 1/2 2484 1/2 2486 1/2 2488 1/2 2490 1/2 2492 1/2 2494 1/2 2496 1/2 2498 1/2 2500 1/2 2502 1/2 2504 1/2 2506 1/2 2508 1/2 2510 1/2 2512 1/2 2514 1/2 2516 1/2 2518 1/2 2520 1/2 2522 1/2 2524 1/2 2526 1/2 2528 1/2 2530 1/2 2532 1/2 2534 1/2 2536 1/2 2538 1/2 2540 1/2 2542 1/2 2544 1/2 2546 1/2 2548 1/2 2550 1/2 2552 1/2 2554 1/2 2556 1/2 2558 1/2 2560 1/2 2562 1/2 2564 1/2 2566 1/2 2568 1/2 2570 1/2 2572 1/2 2574 1/2 2576 1/2 2578 1/2 2580 1/2 2582 1/2 2584 1/2 2586 1/2 2588 1/2 2590 1/2 2592 1/2 2594 1/2 2596 1/2 2598 1/2 2600 1/2 2602 1/2 2604 1/2 2606 1/2 2608 1/2 2610 1/2 2612 1/2 2614 1/2 2616 1/2 2618 1/2 2620 1/2 2622 1/2 2624 1/2 2626 1/2 2628 1/2 2630 1/2 2632 1/2 2634 1/2 2636 1/2 2638 1/2 2640 1/2 2642 1/2 2644 1/2 2646 1/2 2648 1/2 2650 1/2 2652 1/2 2654 1/2 2656 1/2 2658 1/2 2660 1/2 2662 1/2 2664 1/2 2666 1/2 2668 1/2 2670 1/2 2672 1/2 2674 1/2 2676 1/2 2678 1/2 2680 1/2 2682 1/2 2684 1/2 2686 1/2 2688 1/2 2690 1/2 2692 1/2 2694 1/2 2696 1/2 2698 1/2 2700 1/2 2702 1/2 2704 1/2 2706 1/2 2708 1/2 2710 1/2 2712 1/2 2714 1/2 2716 1/2 2718 1/2 2720 1/2 2722 1/2 2724 1/2 2726 1/2 2728 1/2 2730 1/2 2732 1/2 2734 1/2 2736 1/2 2738 1/2 2740 1/2 2742 1/2 2744 1/2 2746 1/2 2748 1/2 2750 1/2 2752 1/2 2754 1/2 2756 1/2 2758 1/2 2760 1/2 2762 1/2 2764 1/2 2766 1/2 2768 1/2 2770 1/2 2772 1/2 2774 1/2 2776 1/2 2778 1/2 2780 1/2 2782 1/2 2784 1/2 2786 1/2 2788 1/2 2790 1/2 2792 1/2 2794 1/2 2796 1/2 2798 1/2 2800 1/2 2802 1/2 2804 1/2 2806 1/2 2808 1/2 2810 1/2 2812 1/2 2814 1/2 2816 1/2 2818 1/2 2820 1/2 2822 1/2 2824 1/2 2826 1/2 2828 1/2 2830 1/2 2832 1/2 2834 1/2 2836 1/2 2838 1/2 2840 1/2 2842 1/2 2844 1/2 2846 1/2 2848 1/2 2850 1/2 2852 1/2 2854 1/2 2856 1/2 2858 1/2 2860 1/2 2862 1/2 2864 1/2 2866 1/2 2868 1/2 2870 1/2 2872 1/2 2874 1/2 2876 1/2 2878 1/2 2880 1/2 2882 1/2 2884 1/2 2886 1/2 2888 1/2 28

Not having any faults is a very great fault indeed.

Four Rolls of good toilet paper at Saker's for 25¢.

Chauvin Dray Line

BAGGAGE TRANSFER
GENERAL DRAYING
J. DAVIGNON

R.R. Time Table

"The Continental Limited"

WESTBOUND NO. 1
Leave Winnipeg 10:00 a.m.
Leave Saskatoon 12:50 p.m.
Leave Wainwright 7:00 p.m.
Arrive Edmonton 10:50 p.m.

EASTBOUND NO. 2

Leave Edmonton 7:10 a.m.
Leave Wainwright 11:00 a.m.
Leave Saskatoon 5:30 p.m.
Arrive Winnipeg 9:05 a.m.

EDMONTON-PRINCE RUPERT WINNIPEG-SASKATOON

WESTBOUND NO. 3
Leave Winnipeg 2:30 p.m.
Leave Saskatoon 7:50 a.m.
Leave Artland 1:26 p.m.
Leave Chauvin 1:45 p.m.
Leave Ribstone 2:01 p.m.
Leave Edgerton 2:25 p.m.
Leave Wainwright 3:10 p.m.
Arrive Edmonton 8:25 p.m.

EASTBOUND NO. 4

Leave Edmonton 8:50 a.m.
Leave Wainwright 1:45 p.m.
Leave Edgerton 2:25 p.m.
Leave Ribstone 2:44 p.m.
Leave Chauvin 2:56 p.m.
Leave Artland 3:14 p.m.
Leave Saskatoon 9:30 p.m.
Arrive Winnipeg 3:50 p.m.

S. R. SWINDELL
LICENSED AUCTIONEER
R. R. 1 ARTLAND SASK.



YOU'RE sure of satisfaction in the world's most popular pipe—
The Wellington
THE UNIVERSAL PIPE
Good pipes and good pipe values are here also cigars, cigarettes, smoking tobacco and other things smokers want.

G. Mc NUTT
THE POOL ROOM
CHAUVIN, ALBERTA

Use Our Ads.

THE CHAUVIN CHRONICLE

THE WHEAT STEM SAW-FLY

(Continued from page 3)

as it is now in Alberta. In 1915 however an most alarming thing happened. The sawflies in that year were found to have greatly increased in numbers and to be infesting entire fields. Every subsequent year brought heavier losses up till 1922, when it was officially stated that three million bushels of wheat had been lost to the Manitoba farmers, and that in several fields as much as 70 per cent of the wheat was lying on the ground before ever a binder had entered them.

Since that date losses have been reduced because the farmers now cut as much of their wheat as they can while it is still green but the sawfly is now more numerous than ever before. No farmer dares to leave his wheat to ripen before cutting it, since the sawfly will be ahead of him in harvesting the crop.

Eastern Saskatchewan has suffered from the same pest though the trouble occurred there about 10 years later than it did in Manitoba. Gradually the sawfly has travelled westward and now it threatens Alberta. It is absolutely certain, in so far as human judgement can show, that by 1936 the wheat field of Alberta will be as badly infested as are those of Manitoba, unless from this year on the farmers of Alberta make a determined effort to combat this pest. Already in at least three districts in this province there are signs that the sawfly is leaving the edges of the fields and is invading them throughout. This is the first step toward a rapid increase and is the sign that it is almost too late to prevent permanent annual losses.

The reason for the sudden increase of this pest after it has been allowed to exist around the edges of the fields for a number of years is as follows: The sawfly grubs normally live in the flowering stems of grasses. There most of them are destroyed by parasites—other insects which lay their eggs through the sides of the grass stems in the grubs as they tunnel down inside them.

By some method that we cannot explain a few of the adult sawflies found that they could lay their eggs in the wheat straws just as well as they could in grass. For this reason they flew from the grass where they had bred to the edges of the wheat fields. Here their grubs lived and for some reason which again we cannot explain the parasites have failed to find these grubs in their new home. As a result nearly every grub that is living in a wheat stem will eat off the straw, remain in the stub till spring and then escape as a sawfly, whereas about 90 out of every 100 that were living in grass will have been discovered and killed by the parasites. A sawfly lays about 30 eggs. If all of these eggs are laid in wheat and all survive, there will be about 30 times as many sawflies the following year. In a few years the family of one sawfly will have increased to millions.

Why then have these which are already living in wheat straws around the edges of our fields for some 12 years not already increased to the extent that they have in Manitoba? The answer is

that there are still more sawflies breeding in grass than in wheat in Alberta and that the wheat breed ones nearly always mate with those that still inhabit grass. The next generation of flies even though they come from grubs that lived in a wheat straw go back to grass in order to lay their eggs.

Once, however, wheat inhabiting sawflies become more numerous than the grass inhabiting ones they will mate among themselves and a wheat preferring strain will be established.

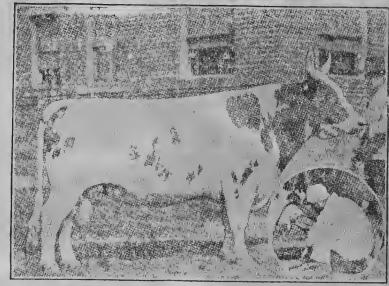
From that time onwards entire fields will be infested and the sawflies will become more numerous every year.

In any year under existing conditions in Alberta, this wheat preferring strain may be established and it will then be too late for us to combat the sawfly, except by cutting our wheat before it is ripe. At the present time it is however, a easy matter to prevent the sawfly from becoming established as a wheat pest in our province. You must kill all of those which are now living in wheat.

You will remember that the healthy grubs are in the stubs throughout the winter and that the adults escape from the open end of the stub in the spring. Also you will remember that at present these infested stubs are confined to the edges of our fields, to a depth of only 2 or 3 rods from the outside of the field. If these infested stubs be ploughed

(Continued on page 8)

Selection of Dairy Cattle Breeds Influenced by Shows



A good typical Ayrshire sire

Putting on the finishing touches

Many a man who is undecided as to the breed of dairy cattle that he will select has been influenced in his decision by the animals of a particular breed that he has seen in public.

The individual breeder secures a good animal and exhibits it at a show or exhibition at fairs, or in offering good animals at public sale. The public sees the animal and know the kind of stock that a man is breeding and paves the way for future sales.

It is essential that special care and attention be given dairy animals in advance of the time that they are exhibited. Proper care of the animal or selling animals publicly in their every day clothes is poor advertising and does not help to sell animals when the competition is keen. It takes several weeks to put a dairy animal in show condition and what applies to fitting for show animals as well as fitting for sale.

It is important that the animal which is exhibited be sold by a good breeder.

• Good covering of flesh

• Increased smoothness

• Indication of a thrifty and in good health.

Dairy cattle being fitted need extra feed.

Stable management aids in putting the hair and hide in condition.

• Stabling in summer to keep the animal in the sun which makes the hide harsh and stiff to the touch.

A roomy stall that is kept clean and well bedded

provides desirable quarters. Continuous blanketing helps keep the animal clean, sweats the hide, thus improving its hair and quality and makes it easier to lay to the body. The blanket need not be expensive but it must be tied on securely.

Another point of importance is to exhibit should be the hair clipped from the entire body about 10 days before the day of the show or sale. This will get rid of the old hair and allow a new, fine hair to develop which will greatly improve the appearance and increase the selling value of the animal.

A point often overlooked in the preparation of a dairy animal for sale or exhibition is training to lead and stand properly. An untrained animal cannot display its true potentialities.

It is the responsibility of the exhibitor to train the animal to stand properly. This will save time and money and increase the selling value of the animal.

• While in the show or sale ring, the man in charge of an animal should not be afraid to use his judgment, namely that of showing the animal to advantage. By this is meant that the animal should be shown in the best light possible.

Any movement on the part of the animal should be made as graceful as possible. Until the ribbons are placed on the auctioneer's hammer falls, take no chances.

LETHBRIDGE NORTHERN IRRIGATION TRACT PROVING PROSPEROUS

WESTMINSTER CHURCH

SUNDAY, SEPTEMBER 5th 1926

Chauvin School 11:00 a.m.
Edginglassie Service 11:00 a.m.
Killarney Service 3:30 p.m.
Chauvin Service 7:30 p.m.

The Lethbridge Northern Irrigation tract is proving prosperous. In 1924 the total production to the farmers operating thereon on the tract was valued at less than \$400,000. This year it is ex-

pected to reach \$2,000,000. New towns are growing up following the recent extension of the railway, and fine homes are being built up.

A. B. "My wife will insist on sitting up late sewing."

Y. Z. "Well, it's never too late to mend."

Fresh Fruits

Get Them Now. The Season is dawning to a close

PEACHES, PRUNE PLUMS
PEARS, BANANAS, ORANGES
LEMONS, CRAB APPLES
APPLES
ONIONS, PICKLING ONIONS
CUCUMBERS

GROCERIES

Macaroni 5 lbs .60
Palmolive Soap 5 lbs .60
Pork & Beans 7 tins 1.00
Red Spring Salmon per tin .40
Seedless Raisins 4 lbs .70
Blue Ribbon Coffee 3 lbs 1.65

LABOR DAY, MONDAY SEPT. 6th
STORE WILL BE CLOSED ALL DAY

Dry Goods

Monarch Down 2 oz ball 35c
Monarch Dove 1 oz ball 25c
Patricia Yarn 1 oz ball 20c

New Fancy Pullover Jerseys and Sweater Coats. A Wonderful range New Styles and Patterns. All Prices

FLANNELETTE BLANKETS
Medium Size per pair 2.50
Large Size per pair 2.95

BOYS BOOTS

Soft Pliable Elk uppers with Chrome sole. A nice light boot per pair \$3.00

C. G. Forryan,

Chauvin

Use Our Ads.

CROP REPORT

(Continued from page 1)

ing and a fair yield of good quality is expected. In British Columbia heavy rains have been very beneficial to roots, pasture and late variety of apples.

PRAIRIE PROVINCES

Alberta: Western and North-Eastern Areas. Continuing rains have caused no damage but still further delayed harvesting. Warm dry weather is required to hasten ripening in most parts. In the north-eastern area very little cutting has been done. Southeastern Area. Recent rains have improved feed situation. Threshing has started and yields generally are poor.

Saskatchewan: Northern Area. Cutting is well under way again after recent rains. Many districts report the wheat yield as likely to be better than was anticipated three weeks ago. Coarse grain productions will be below average. Southern Area. Harvesting has been at a standstill for the past week owing to rains, but is now general with about 40 % of wheat cut. The wheat yield is poor in the south-west along the Alberta border, fair in Shaunavon area, with better than average crops expected in the balance of the south and south-east. Manitoba: At least 60% of the wheat has been cut. Threshing was commenced in places but was stopped by rain. Some districts report damage from sprouting and bleaching.

Cheerfulness will oil the soil.

Man never admits incompetence. When he succeeds—that is cleverness. When he fails—that is bad luck.

USE OUR WANT AD. COLUMN



British Nursing Head Visits Canada

Dame Maud McCarthy, G.B.E., of London England who headed the British Nursing forces in France during the First World War, recently arrived at Quebec on the Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Scotland. This distinguished lady, who had gained the title of "Mother Nightingale of the World War", will attend the meeting of the Canadian National Association of Nurses in Toronto where she will go to Ottawa to deliver an address at the unveiling of a memorial to the nurses who served in the great war. Dame McCarthy began her first

outstanding war service during the South African War in 1899-1902. From 1902 to 1910 she was Matron of Queen Alexandra's Imperial Military Nursing Service and until 1914 was Principal Matron of the R.M.S. Queen Mary. In 1914 she was appointed Matron-in-chief of the Q.A.M.N.S., British Armies in France and in 1920 Matron-in-chief of the Territorial Army Nursing Service. In the above photograph which was taken on board the S.S. Empress of Scotland, Dame McCarthy is seen standing with Commander Latta beside the wheel house.

Pick Out The Set You Want

A Six Tube Dry-Cell Super-Heterodyne



Made by Canadian Westinghouse

This is a nice little six tube set that will work on either an outdoor or loop aerial. Can be taken with you when you go. Operates entirely on dry cells—no storage battery or charge. Gives excellent volume and is easy to operate.

Price Stripped

\$139.00

Radiola A
Made by Canadian Westinghouse

A Four Tube Set with a Built-In Loudspeaker. We expect one of these in at an early date, come in and hear it, or better, have us give you a demonstration. It's a dandy.

Price Stripped (Loudspeaker included)

\$86.00

Radiola IIIA
Made by Canadian Westinghouse

The Westinghouse Four Tube Dry Battery Set. This set should prove a popular one at the price for which it is now offered—not only that but the set itself is better than the original IIIA.

Price Stripped

\$24.75

L. D'Albertanson,

Chauvin

Here and There

Vancouver—All passenger records for outgoing ships to the Orient from the Pacific Coast up to the middle of August were shattered when Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Russia sailed for Yokohama, August 19, with a passenger list of all classes of 517 in addition to many members of the diplomatic and government services returning after vacations.

Divan Bahadur Sir T. Vijayaraghavacharya arrived recently from London on Canadian Pacific liner Montcalm at Montreal, en route to Toronto where he will open the National Exhibition at Toronto. The Knight with the lengthy name gets over the difficulty for Canadian lips by stating that it is quite proper to address him as "The Divan". He may tour other Canadian cities on leaving Toronto.

Banff Springs—"The last time I visited Banff was over 30 years ago and the trip this year has been a most wonderful revelation," said Brigadier-General H. S. Birkett, of Montreal, who stayed at the Banff Springs Hotel on his return from a trip to Alaska. This coincides with the opinion of Morley Roberts, famous English novelist, who after a forty year absence from the West, took part in the last Trail Riders expedition early in August.

Calgary—This city had an exciting moment recently when the Most Honorable the Marquis of Salisbury, leader of the British Conservative party in the House of Lords, was made an Indian Chief of the Sarcee tribe given the name of "Eagle Dancer". The ceremony was conducted with all solemnity. His Lordship kneeling on a blanket to receive the honor and being at the same time presented with a handsome beaded buckskin vest and gloves.

Beating the train to the crossing is always a risk in favor of the train but when a motorist halts his car and waits until an engine is almost alongside him before he tries to get over, then the risk becomes an absolute certainty—against the motorist. This was the case recently in Toronto where a car was signaled to stop by the watchman at a crossing, obeyed the signal, and then decided he would still try and get over. Fortunately there were no injuries and the only sufferer was the automobile.

Pictures of Gertrude Ederle's swimming of the English Channel were sent aboard Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Scotland at the last minute at Southampton and then passed to a waterplane near Anticosti and by it delivered to airplane at Rimouski thus beating other pictures speedily to New York on ocean liner in a full twenty-four hours. This is regarded as one of the cleverest and speediest methods of reaching this continent from Great Britain that has ever been successfully accomplished.

Members of the Empire Parliamentary Association, numbering twenty-one delegates from the Parliaments of the United Kingdom and the Irish Free State arrived in Canada recently on board Canadian Pacific liner Empress of Scotland. They travelled across the Dominion from Quebec to Vancouver, stopping en route at Montreal, Ottawa, Toronto, Winnipeg and Vancouver. They sailed by S.S. Aorangi from Vancouver, August 25 for Sydney, Australia, where they will attend the Association Conference to be held in September and October.

READ THE WANT ADS.—NOW

CHAUVIN LODGE NO. 32



Meets 2nd and 4th Wednesday of each month

A. E. Foxwell, N. G.

C. J. Smith, V. G.

C. G. Forryan, Secretary

Visiting Brothers Welcome

LAURA SECORD REBEKAH LODGE

Meets first and third Tuesday's in each month

Gladys E. Keith N.G.

A. D'Albertanson, Secretary

Visiting members welcome

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are the property of
H. Young, Chauvin, Alta.

THE COVERED WAGON

(Continued from page 2)
soft, an' we'll swap at the
fus' fire, o' git squat for the
side o' the front sight."

"No, we'll toss fer fust," said
Jackson, and drew out a Spanish
dollar. "Tails fer me last!" he
called as it fell. "An' I win!
You go fust, Jim."

"Shore I will of the toss up
says so," rejoined his friend.

"Step off fifty yard. What sort
o' iron ya carryin', Bill?"

"Why do ye ask? Ye know ol'
Mike Sheets in Virginia never
bored a better. I've never chang-
ed."

"Ner I from my old Hawken.
Two good guns, an' two good
men, Bill, o' the ol' times—the ol'
times! We kain't say fair'en
this, can we, at our time o' life,
fer favor o' the old times, Bill?
We got to do somethin', so's we
kind o' git rested up."

"No man kin say fairer," said
his friend.

They shook hands solemnly and
went on with the devil-may-care
test, devised in a historic keel
boat man's brain, as inflamed
them by alcohol as their own were
now.

Followed by the terrified clerk
Bill Jackson, tall, thin and grizz-
led, stoic as an Indian, and too
drunk to care much for conse-
quences, so only he proved his

courage, walking steadily down to
the chosen spot and stood, his
arms folded, after leaning his
own rifle against the door of the
reading room. He faced Bridg-
er without a tremor, his head
bare, and cursed Chardon for a
coward when he trembled as he
balanced the cup on Jackson's
head.

"Damme ye," he exclaimed,
"there'll be plenty lost without
any o' your spillin'!"

"Air ye all ready, Bill?" called
Bridger from his station; his
rifle cocked and the delicate
triggers set, so perfect in their
mechanism that the slightest
touch against the trigger edge
would loose the hammer.

"All ready!" answered Jack-
son.

The two, jealous still of the
ancient art of the rifle, which no-
where in the world obtained finer
development than among men
such as these, faced each other in
what always was considered the
supreme test of nerve and skill;
for naturally a man's hand might
tremble, sighting three inches
above his friend's eyes, when it
would not move a hair sighting
center between the eyes of an
enemy.

Bridger spat out his tobacco
chew and steadily raised his rifle.
The man opposite him stood
steady as a pillar, and did not
close his eyes. The silence that

fell on those who saw became so
intense, that it seemed veritably
to radiate, reaching out over the
valley to the mountains as in a
leash of leagues.

For an instant, which to the few
observers seemed an hour, these
two figures, from which motion
seemed to have passed forever,
stood frozen. Then there came a
spurt of whitish-blue smoke and
the thin dry crack of the border
rifle.

The hand and eye of Jim
Bridger, in spite of advancing
years, remained true to their long
training. At the rifle crack the
cup on the lead of the statue
like figure opposite him was flung
behind as though by the blow of
an invisible hand. The spin of
the bullet acted on the liquid
contents, ripped apart the seams
of the cup and flung the fluid
wide. Then anot til then did
Jackson move.

He picked up the empty cup,
bored center directly through the
black spot, and, turning, walked
with it in his hand towards
Bridger, wh' was wiping out his
rifle once more.

"I call hit mighty careless
shootin,'" said he irritated,
"Now, looee what ye do to me
the likker! Ef ye'd held a little
higher, above the level o' the lik-
ker, like I told ye, she wouldn't
a-busted open thataway now. It's
nacherl, tha warn't room in the

cup for both the likker an' ball.
My mother told me when I was
a boy, 'Willful waste makes woe-
ful want.'

"I call hit a plum-center shot,"
branded Bridger. "Doe-ee look
now! Maybe ye think ye kin do
better shootin' verself than old
Jim Bridger!"

"Shore I kin, an' I'll show ye!
I'll bet my rifle aginst yours—if
I wanted so sorry a piece as
yours—I kin shoot that clost to
the mark an' not spil no likker
a-all! An' ye can fil her two
thirds full an' put yer thumb in
for the balance of ye like."

"I'll just bet ye a new mule
agin yer pony ye kin't do nothin'
o' sort!" retorted Bridger.

"All right, I'll show ye. Of
course, ye got to hold still."

"Who said I wouldn't hold
still?"

"Nobody. Now you watch me."

He stooped at the little water
ditch which had been led in
among the buildings from the
stream and kneaded up a little
ball of mud. This he forced into
the handle of the tin cup, entire-
ly filling it, then washed off the
body of the cup.

"I'll shoot the fillin' cut'n the
handle an' not out'n the cup!"

said he, "Mud's cheap, an' all
diffrance in holdin' is, ef I
nicked the side o' yer hand it'd
hurt ye 'bout the same as ef I
nicked the sent'r o' hit. Ain't
that so? We'd orto practice in-
dstry an' economy, Jim. Like
my mother said, 'Penny saved is
penny yearned.' Little drops
o' water, little grains o' sand,
says she, 'a-makes he mighty
oo-ocean an' the plea-e-sant
land!'"

"I never seed it tried," said
Bridger with interest, but I
don't see why hit'n practi-
cal. Whang away, an' ye spill
the whiskey shootin' to one side,
or cut har shootin' too low, your
caballo is mine—an' he hain't
much!"

With no more argument, he in
his turn took up his place, the
two changed positions so that the
light should favor the rifleman.
Again the fear-smitten Chardon
adjusted the filled cup, this time
on his master's bare head,

"Do-eturn her sideways now,
boy," cautioned Bridger, "Set
the handle sideways, square, so's
she looks wide. Give her a fair
shot now, fer I'm interested in
this yere thing, either way," she
goes. Either I lose har'er a
mule!"

But folding his arms he faced
the rifle without batting an eye,
as steady as had been the other
in his turn.

Jackson extended his long left
arm, slowly and steadily raising
the silver head up from the chest,
the throat, the chin, he forehead
of his friend, her lowered it, rub-
bing his sore shoulder.

"Tell him to turn that handle
sour' to me, Jim!" he called.
"The damned fool has got her all
squeeged eroun' to one side."

Bridger reached up a hand and
straightened the cup himself.

"How's that?" he said.

"All right! New hold stiddy
a minute!"

Again the Indian woman covered
their faces, sitting motionless,
and at last came again the puff
of smoke, the faint croak of the
rifle, never loud in the high rare-
fied air.

The straight figure of the secon-
der never wavered. The cup still

rested on his head. The rifleman
calmly blew the smoke from his
barrel, his eye on Bridger as the
latter now raised a careful hand
to his head. Chardon hastened
to aid, with many ejaculations.

The cup was gone full, but the
mud was gone from inside the
handle as though poked out with
a finger!

"That's what I call shootin'," said Jackson, "an' reas'n-

able shootin' too. Now, spill half

o' her where she'll do some good,

an' give me the rest. I got to be

I fust know now. I don't want yer mule.

I fust come away from Missouri

to git shet o' mules."

Chardon, euphester, stood regardin-
the two wil' sculs whom he never in his more timid
nature was to understand. The
two mountain men shook hands.
The alcohol had no more than
steadied them in their rifle work
but the old exultation of their
wild life came to them now once
more. Bridger clapped hand to
mouth and uttered his old war
cry before he drained his share
of the fiery fluid.

"To the ol' days, friend!" said
he once more; "the days that's
gone, when men was men an' a
friend could trust a friend!"

"To the ol' days!" said Jackson
in turn. "An' I'll be two
better shots don't stand to-day
on the soil o' Oregon! But I got
to be goin', Jim. I'm goin' on to
the Columby. I may not see ye
soon, its far."

He swung into his saddle, the
rifle in its loop at the horn. But
Bridger came to him, a hand on
his knee.

"I hate to see ye go, Bill."

"Shore!" said Jackson, "I
hate to go. Take ker yerself,
Jim."

The two Indian women had un-
covered their faces and gone into
the ledge. But old Jim Bridger
sat down, back against a cotton-
wood and watcher the loping figure
of his friend jog slowly out
into the desert. He himself was
singing now, chanting monoton-
ously an old Indian refrain that
lingered in his soul from the days
of the last Rendezvous.

At length he arose and anxi-
ated by a sudden thought sought
out his tepee once more. Dang
Yore eyes greeted him with shy
smiles of pride.

"Heap shoot, Jeem!" said she.
"No kill-um. Why?"

She was decked now in her fin-
est, ready to use all her blandi-
shments on her lord and master.
Her cheeks were painted red, her
wrists were heavy with copper.
On a thong at her neck hung a
piece of yellow stone which she
or rather three of four awls, with
or rather three or four awls, after
much labor, that very day.

Bridger picked up the ornament
between thumb and finger. He
said no word, but his fingers
spoke.

"Other pieces. Where?"

"White man. Gose—out there?"
She answered in the same fash-
ion.

"How, col'a?" she spoke aloud.
"H'm say, 'How, col'a.' me." She
smiled with much pride over her
compe and showed two silver
dollars. "Swap."

In silence Bridger went into
the tepee and pulled the door
flaps. (To be Continued)

A good chance to practice
thrift. B. C. Sugar \$7.25 per
100 lbs at Saker's

Imagine How Inconvenient It Would Be

if at this season of the
year you had to send to a mail order
house for everything that
you required.

If you could not get machine
repairs, hardware, groceries, fresh fruits
etc. without waiting for your mail
order to arrive—this also
necessitating two
trips to town.

Time is money now—
quick service is what you want.

Patronize Our Advertisers

Looking like a wrist watch, an electric device to be used by German police for self defence is capable of giving any aggressor a shock which renders him helpless for several minutes.

Classified Advertisements

STRAYED TO MY PROMISES:
Bay Mare, 4 years old, no visible brand. H. J. Poirier, Chauvin.

FARM LANDS WANTED FOR
cash buyers. Describe, give price. H. Webster, 121 Tenth St. New Westminster, B. C. 7P

FIRST CLASS GAS ENGINEER
and Separo man wants position to run to either end or both, or threshing outfit. Satisfaction guaranteed. Jack K. Allexsen Marsden Sask. 37P

LOST; BLACK ANGUS BULL, 2 years old, when last seen had on rope and pole, was going north, last seen on road west of 30-43-1w4 well on in March. Lt. Col. W. Rodden, Chauvin, Phone 115 15P

Ribstone MEAT MARKET

Breakfast Bacon, per lb 50c
Finest Back per lb 50c
No. 1 Cottage Roll per lb .40c
No. 1. Pork Roll per lb .40c
Picnic Hams per lb .35c

**FRESH AND CURED MEATS
ALWAYS IN STOCK**

Come to Ribstone for your Threshing Meat

T. W. YOUNG RIBSTONE

MAGAZINE EDITOR BUYS RANCH

Frazer Hunt, associate editor of Cosmopolitan magazine, has purchased a ranch in Alberta, in the neighbourhood of the Prince of Wales ranch near High River. Mr. Hunt has been spending the summer in Alberta.

DAIRY COUNCIL FOR PROVINCE

Formation of a permanent advisory dairy council for the province was announced by Hon. Geo. Headley, Minister of Agriculture. The new organization will be representative of all the varied interests of the dairy industry. The object of the minister in the formation of such a council is to get all the interests together in round-table conference with the minister to discuss problems common to the dairy industry.

This industry is considered to be one of the most important branches of agriculture, and the minister feels that by securing the advice and co-operation of the representative men in the industry, including producers, manufacturers and distributors, that the best interests of the entire industry will be served.

AN ENTERTAINMENT TRAIN

The Korean Railway is contemplating running an entertainment train. The train will be manned by Japanese, Korean, Chinese and Russian magicians, jugglers, dancers, and so on, and will stop at each station and give performances in the train for the benefit of lonely railway employees and their families.

Two wrongs often make a riot.

THE WHEAT STEM SAWFY

(Continued from page 5) in this fall, in such a manner that their open ends are pressed against the soil; the adults can never escape and the wheat inhabiting sawflies will be destroyed.

This is what is required by the Pest Act. Examine the edges of your fields carefully just before you harvest them. Look for fallen straws, that is, straws which have been cut down very neatly cut down from the plants. Don't worry about those that are just bent over; that is not sawfly damage. If you have any doubt, split open the straw and see if it is filled with sawdust. If you then can find the stub it will be cut off just above, the soil split it open and you will find the grub inside it.

Wherever you find these cut-off stems be sure to plough that part of the field before freezing and make a thorough job of turning the furrows completely upside-down.

It means at most half-day's job to plough along the side of any field to the depth of 2 or 3 rods, but if everyone will do this every year when fallenstraws are seen it means that Alberta will never suffer the heavy losses in our neighbouring provinces. If from saw-flies which now occurs in our neighbouring provinces if we neglect to do so, however, such losses are inevitable. Every neglected field is a menace not only to its owner but to the whole district, and I would impress upon the councillors of all Municipalities the necessity for seeing that in their district no infested field is left unploughed to be a menace to everyone.

The Pest Act allows this ploughing to be done in the spring before the end of May, but spring ploughing necessitates plowing to make it effective and cannot compare with deep fall ploughing with a mould-board plow, to which, by preference, a kink coulter has been attached.

The menace from saw-flies in Alberta is so great as can be verified by reference to previous conditions in Manitoba, and the prevention is so simple that no one must be allowed to aid doing his share in keeping our province free from this most destructive pest.—The Provost Nov.

(The above article we obtained for "The News" though the courtesy of Mr. D. B. Sith, manager of the local Canadian Bank of Commerce branch).

DEAL

When people talk about "The Deal" it usually not very polite and not much good meant. When your neighbour child raises _____ around your place you call him a pet-name and DEAL is quite frequently one of them.

Here is a different kind of DEAL. A Deal you all think a good deal of if you're lucky enough to deal at the store where you get a decent deal.

You simply buy a tube of Palmolive Shaving Cream for the regular price 35c, and we give you absolutely free one genuine silver plated Gillette Razor with one

The earload of fruit which arrived this week for J. A. Saker was practically disposed of the day of arrival. Another car is expected about September 6th.

The "Passion Play" by the wonderful hand colored picture, "The Passion Play," which you are now given an opportunity of seeing.

The play will be shown Tuesday at Edgerton.

There is no extra charge for READ THE WANT ADS. NOW

READ THE WANT ADS. NOW

Meats for Harvest

CHOICE QUALITY

BEEF; PORK & VEAL

CURED BACON per lb 15c
CURED SMOKED ROLLS per lb 35c

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DON'T WAIT---

Or you may be too late—Get Your order at once. Saker's Second Car of Fruit will arrive about Monday September 6th, and the selection will not last long so

Get Your Orders In At Once

Take Advantage of the Savings that our prices offers and put up a good supply for winter

DO NOT MISS THIS OPPORTUNITY

KEEP IN MIND OUR EXTRAORDINARY

LOW PRICES ON SUGAR

100 lbs. White	7.25
50 lbs White	3.70
20 lbs White	1.50
100 lbs. Yellow	6.65
50 lbs Yellow	3.40
25 lb Lump	2.50
25 lbs. Icing	2.80

S Y R U P S N A P S

Rogers Syrup	5 lb pail	.45
Rogers Syrup	10 lb pail	.80
Rogers Syrup	20 lb pail	1.55

— SPECIALS —

Linoleum, 12 feet wide	Complete Bed Outfit, consisting of 2 inch continuous Post
First Quality, Refined Pattern	Walnut Finish Bed, All Felt
per sqr yrd 1.20	Mattress—Guaranteed Coil Springs, complete Outfit \$20.00
Complete Mens Outfit \$40.00	Rogers Syrup, 20 lb pail 1.55
Regular \$40.00 suit	" " 10 lb pail .80
Regular 2.75 shirt	Strawberries or Raspberries 5 cans for .50
Regular .75 sox	Ontario Cheese, Quantities of 4 lbs or more per lb .25
Regular 5.75 shoes	
Regular \$6.75 hat	
All latest style, various selections, Saves you \$16.00	

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